The Conservation Process: A Landowner's Perspective

Tyler Fitzke Landowner **Ele Nugent Habitat Specialist** Rainwater Basin Joint Venture

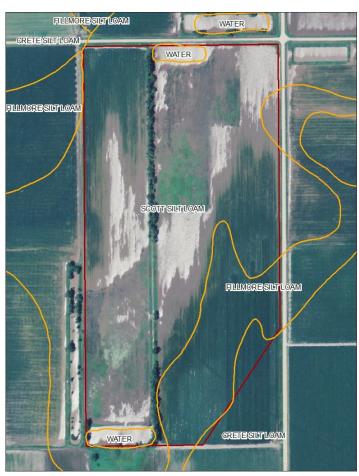
Property Background

- 80 ac
- Purchased in 2005
- Previously cropped
- Planned to plant grass in wetland for grazing & crop upland



Property Background (cont.)

Soils Wetland





Property Background (cont.)

Easement Enrollment

- Land payments difficult because so much flooding
- Talked with Tim Smith at Husker Harvest Days
- Learned about conservation easements
 - Easement payment
 - 100% restoration cost paid for
 - 85% grazing infrastructure paid for

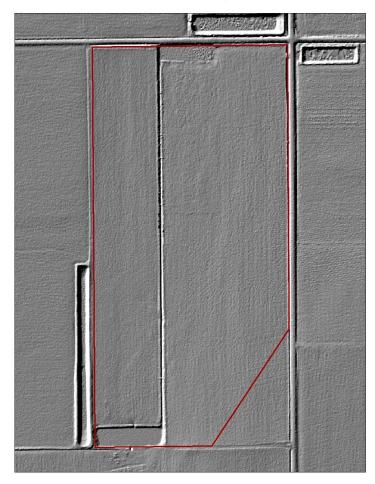
Easement Enrollment (cont.)

- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service easement
 - Fewer restrictions than other easements
 - No building, draining wetland, or cropping
 - Grazing allowed
 - Easement payment = value without easement value with easement
 - Held by Fish and Wildlife Service Wetland
 Management District
- Enrolled 72 ac
 - 8 ac not enrolled

Restoration

- Wetland restoration
 - Remove trees
 - Fill pits and ditch
- Upland & wetland seeding
- Conservation partners paid 100%

Elevation



Restoration (cont.)





Restoration (cont.)







Restoration (cont.)









Map by Tim Horst, Ducks Unlimited

Grazing Infrastructure

- Perimeter fence
- Livestock well and tank
- Conservation partners paid 85%
- I paid 15%
 - Installed fence
 - No out-of-pocket cost



Future Plans

- Graze
- Management
 - Prescribed burning
 - Tree control





Benefits

- Easement payment
- Grazing income
- Decreased chemical and fertilizer inputs
- Wildlife habitat
- Hunting opportunities



Project Partners

















Thank you Any questions?